



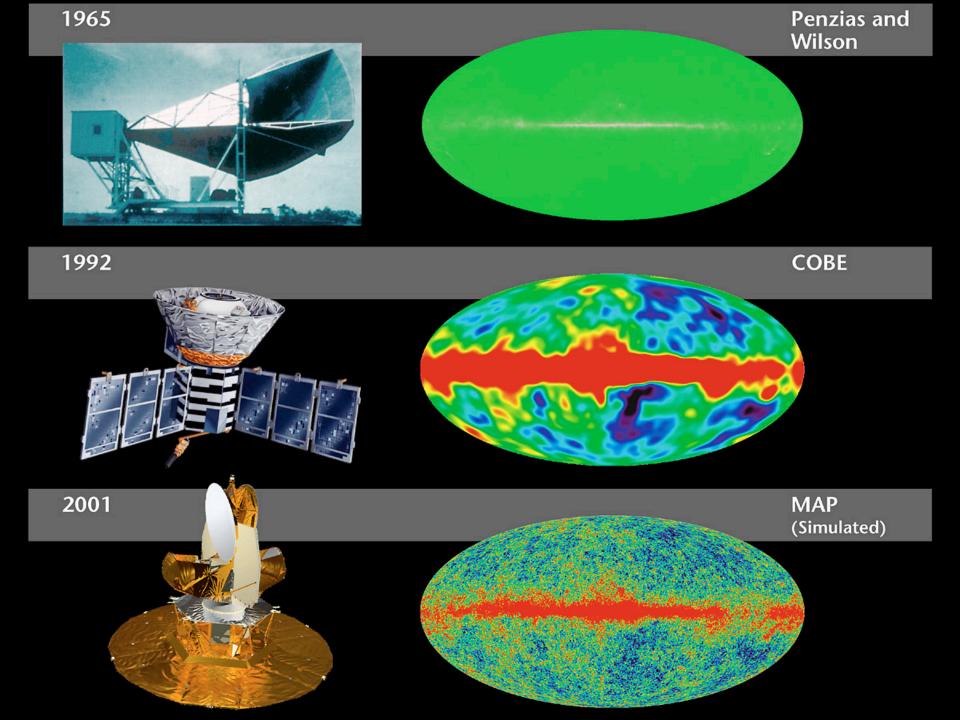
MAP was launched to answer fundamental cosmological questions:

- Will the universe expand forever, or will it collapse?
- Is the universe dominated by exotic dark matter?
- What is the shape of the universe?
- How and when did the first galaxies form?
- Is the expansion of the universe accelerating rather than decelerating?



WMAP results:

- The WMAP team has reported the first direct detection of pre-stellar helium, providing an important test of the big bang prediction.
- WMAP now places 50% tighter limits on the standard model of cosmology than our previous 5-year WMAP results.
- WMAP has detected a key signature of inflation.
- WMAP strongly constrains dark energy and geometry of the universe.
- WMAP places new constraints on the number of neutrino-like species in the early universe.
- WMAP has detected, with very high significance, temperature shifts induced by hot gas in galaxy clusters.
- WMAP has produced a visual demonstration of the polarization pattern around hot and cold spots.



Motivated by the expressed desires of the scientific community

- INCREASED RESEARCH OPPORTUNITIES
- BROADENED OPPORTUNITY FOR PI MISSIONS
- CLOSER TO GRAD STUDENT AND POST-DOC CYCLE TIMES

- MORE FREQUENT LAUNCHES
- REDUCED COST PER MISSION
- SHORTER MISSION DEVELOPMENT TIME



MAP: One of the First MIDEX Missions

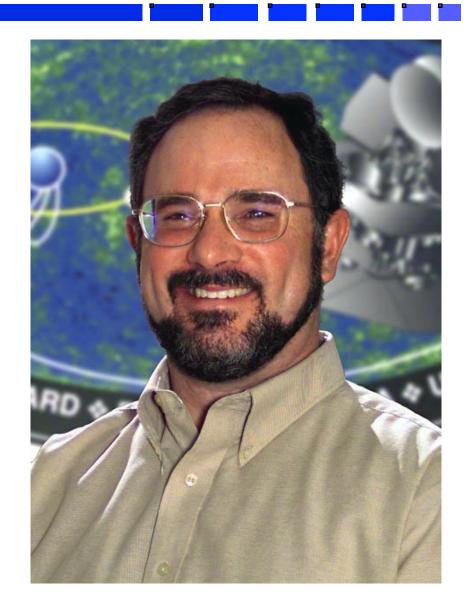
Midex Guiding Principles (2/95)

- One boundaryless team
- Emphasize trust, individual and team responsibility
- Apply common sense to all processes and activities
- Flat, streamline project organization; no watchers, just doers
- Small focused subteams with full team validation
- Consolidated & streamlined reporting
- Maximize team efficiency, sharing and reuse of resources
- Drive for lowest mission cost regardless of who pays
- Systems engineering must be present everywhere



WMAP Principal Investigator

Chuck Bennett

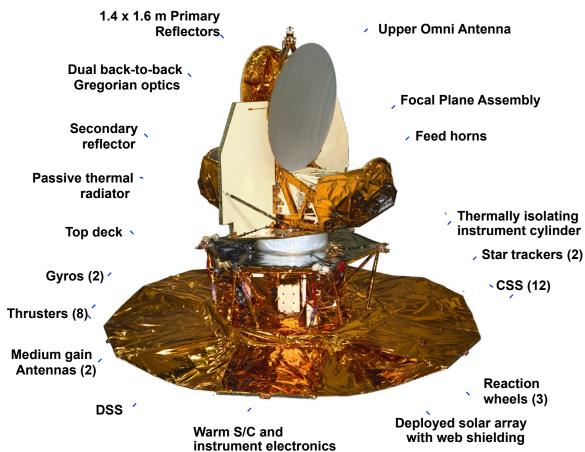




The Mission

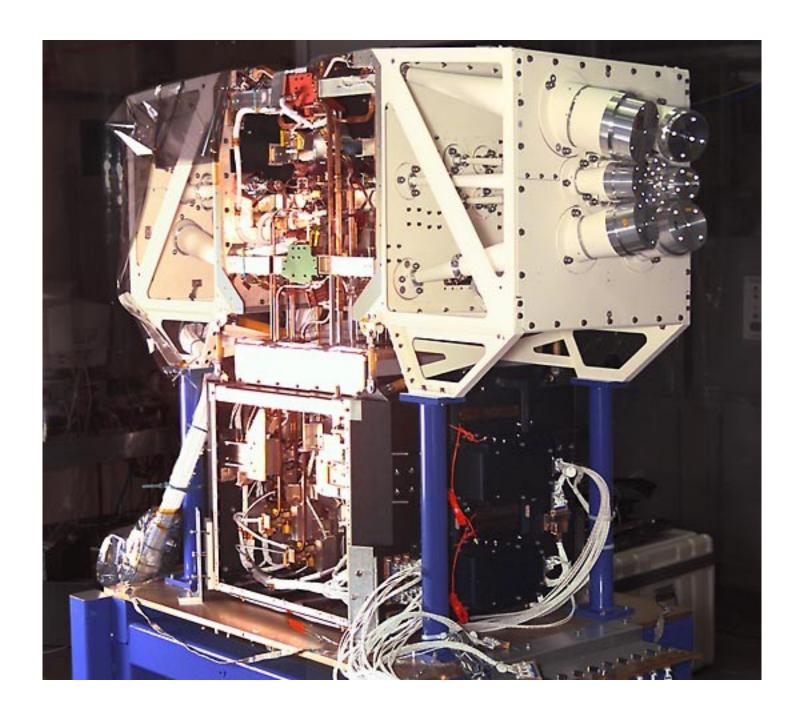
Microwave Anisotropy Probe

- Map the Cosmic Microwave Background Radiation
- Follow on to COBE with 50 times the resolution
- Medium Size Explorer, MIDEX
- Operate at L2, Store and forward data every day
- 3 Axis, Scan Sky at 1 revolution every 2 minutes
- 835 Kg, 3.6 meters tall, 5.1 across
- 400 Watt load, 72 Kg Fuel

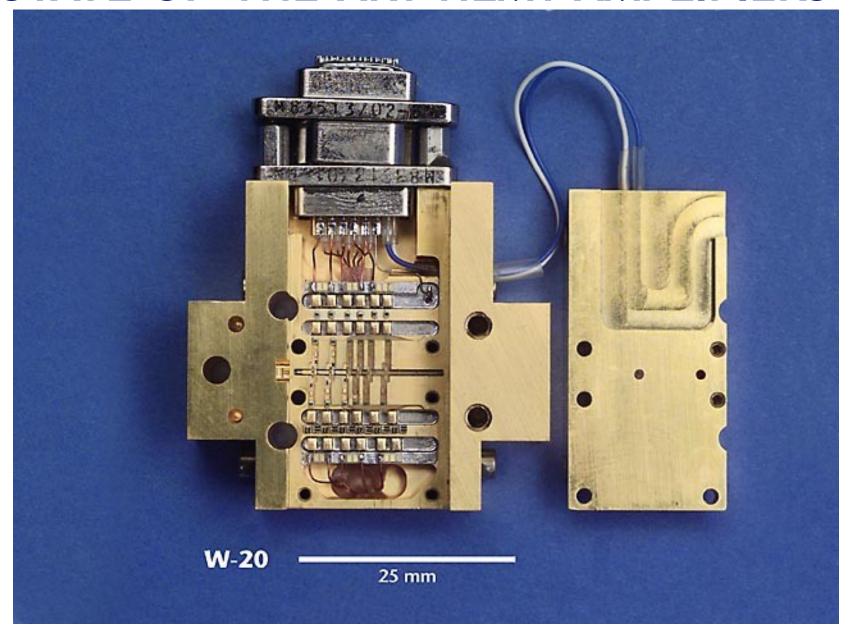


• A partnership between Princeton University and Goddard Space Flight Center



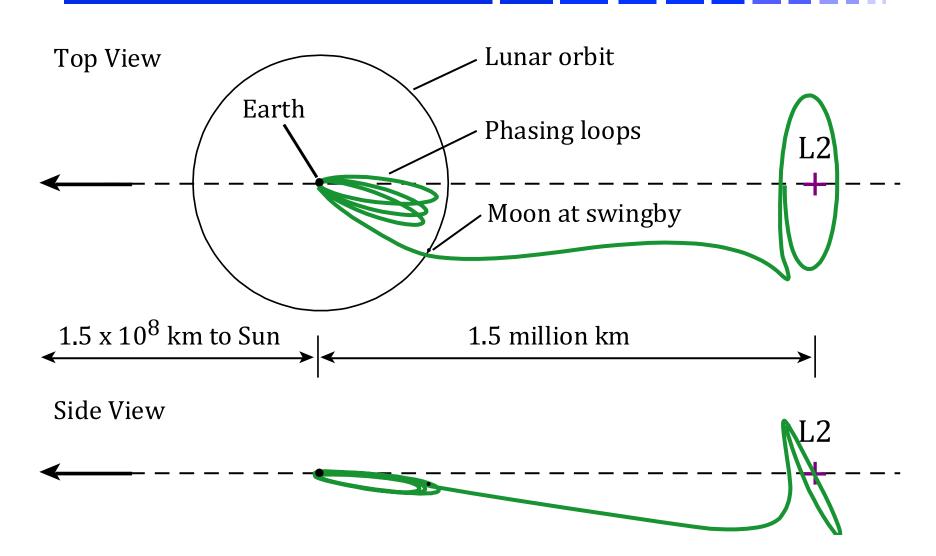


STATE-OF-THE-ART HEMT AMPLIFIERS



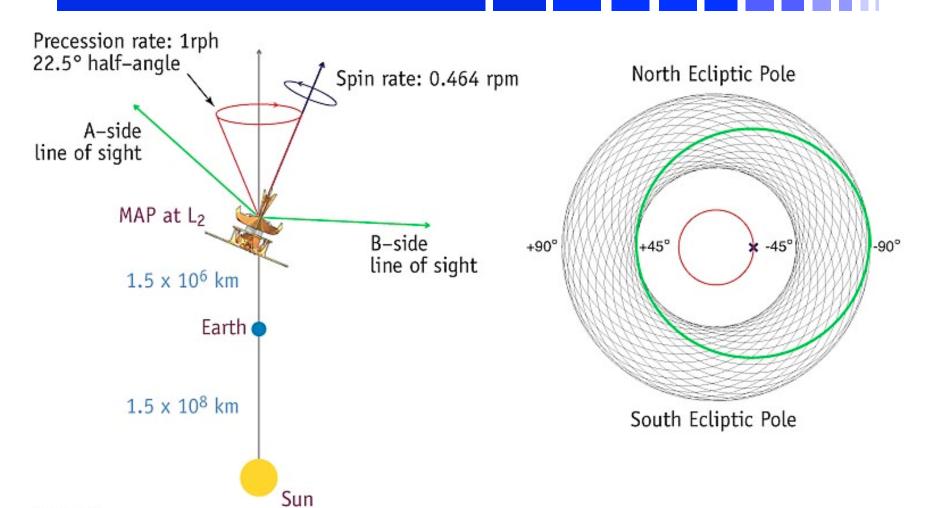


MAP Trajectory to L2



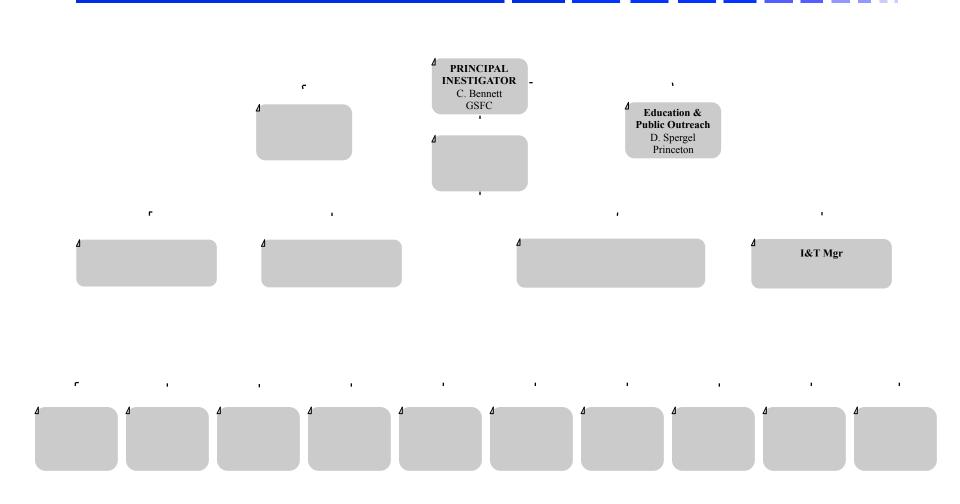


MAP Sky Scan





The MAP Organization



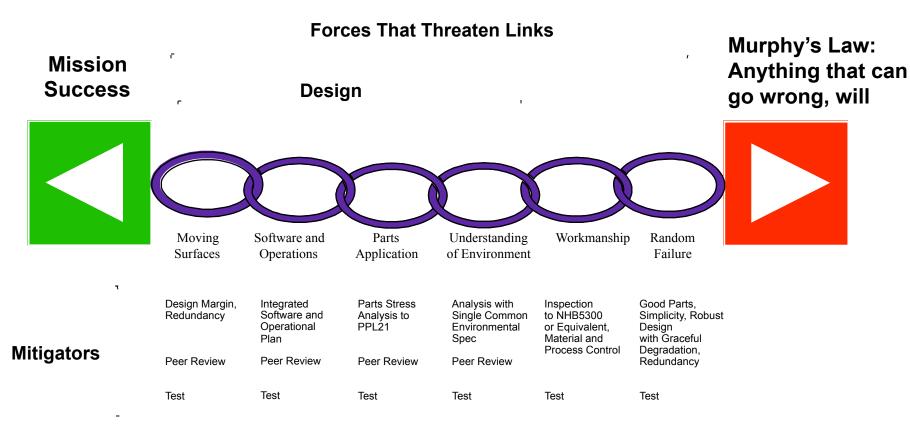


MAP: The Good

- Small co-located team
 - Great communications
 - Real team focus team understood the mission, the end goal
- Clean and clear organization
 - Roles and responsibilities well-understood by all team members
- Good systems engineering
 - Thoughtful consideration of what's important
 - Thorough reliability program, appropriate for single string mission
 - Selected redundancy added after CDR based on reliability analyses
- Willingness and ability to challenge established ways of doing business
 - Same ground system & staff for development and I&T
 - All flight software consolidated in one organization
- Peer level reviews
 - Thorough peer-reviewed design
- Significant test time at all levels

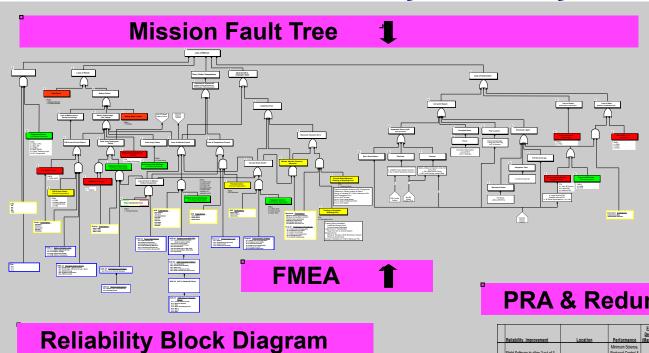
ding the Weak Links

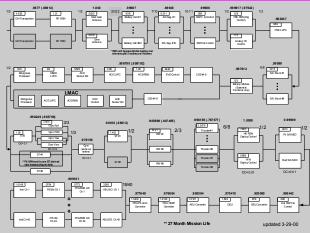
MAP Reliability Program



Where is the weakest link?
What will cause a link to break?
Will the "System" hold with a broken link?

Reliability Analysis





PRA & Redundancy Study

	Reliability Improvement	Location	Performance	Future Descope (Mass, Pwr)	System Reliability Improvement	Mass	Power	Cost	Schedule	Comments
			Minimum Science,							S/W change ca
	Flight Software to allow 2 out of 3		Reduced Control &							be delayed unt
1	Wheels	Mongoose ACS Software	Acquisition	N/A	70%	0	0	Med	Low	failure
	2 More Thrusters, Flight Software to allow Thruster Backup	Same bracket as Radials	Minimum Science, Additional Fuel Usage	No	30%	1.2	4 Watts Heater	Low	Low	
÷	GION THOUSO COUNTY	Carro District as I lauras	Osago	110	00%	1.2	4 11032 110321	LUII	Lon	
3	2nd Transponder & XRSN	XRSN in MAC, Xpndr beside existing on bottom deck	100%	Yes	11%	6.5	6 Watts, 0 Heater	Med	Low	
	2nd Star Tracker	Under Ton Deck near PSE	100%	Yes	13%	7	8-12 Watts	Med	Low	
1	"Little MAC" - 2nd Mongoose.	Unider Top Deck Hear For	100/6	100	13.0		0-12 Walls	INICU	LOW	
	LVPC & Minimal ACE RSN, 2nd set		Minimal Function							
5	of 6 CSS Eves	Beside MAC on same panel	Minimum Science	Yes	14%	6.5	0 Watts	Med	Low	
			No Backup for							
	Flight S/W to allow Star Tracker to		Acquisition, 100%							
6	backup Gyros	Mongoose ACS Software	Mission	N/A	9%	0	0	Low	Low	
	Subtotal				249%*	21.2	22 Watts			
	Reliability improvement of selected options				249%*					
										3 mos for
	2nd AEU & PDU 20/20	Bottom Deck, PDU Under Top	Loss of 1/2 of							windings, No
7	Configuration, DEU Single String	Deck w/4th Wheel	Instrument	No	7%	10.3	8.5 Watts	Med	High	Actels
		Bottom Deck equally spaced,			13% 4th wheel w/ S/W; 83% 4th wheel inc S/W (2 of4); 57%					Large Mechanic
8	4th Wheel	or on Bottom Deck TBD	100%	Yes	w/o S/W(3 of 4)	17	10-15 Watts Heater	Med	Med	System Impact
	PSE Linear Regulators and Assurance Output Modules Remain									
9	On	2nd side of existing boards	100%	No	2%	0.2	0 watts	Med	Med	Long Lead Part
			Loss of 1/2 of							Parts Availability
10	DEU with 20/20 split		Instrument	No	11%			High	High	Actels
	Subtotal				108% or 78% *	27.5	23			
	Reliability improvement potential of all options				326% *					
		a summation of the individual of								



MAP: The Not-so-Good

- Small team
 - Very thin in some critical areas (CM, Scheduling)
- Some systems engineering misses
 - Spacecraft charging mitigation requirements
- Unexpected challenges encountered in unfamiliar engineering territory
 - Trajectory analysis/maneuver planning/rehearsals for lunar swingby
 - Quiet power bus requirements no heater cycling
- System-level reviews
 - A mixed bag